Subsection 3.—Wages and Salaries in Canadian Manufacturing Industries, 1934.

The total salaries and wages disbursed by manufacturers in 1934 was \$533,594,635 paid to 545,162 workers, compared with \$813,049,842 paid to 694,434 persons in 1929 and \$509,382,027 paid to 621,694 persons in 1917. Of the 1934 aggregate, \$160,986,876 or 30 p.c. was paid to 99,730 salaried employees who constituted 18 p.c. of the total number, and \$372,607,759 or 70 p.c. was paid in wages to 445,432 wage-earners, who formed \$2 p.c. of the aggregate number of employees

The average salary paid in the manufacturing industries during 1934 was \$1,614, compared with \$1,982 in 1930 and \$1,299 in 1917, while the average wage in 1934 was \$837, compared with \$785 in 1933, \$1,045 in 1929 and \$760 in 1917. Thus during the seventeen years since 1917, average salaries have increased by 24 p.c., while average wages have increased by only 10 p.c. (See Table 23.)

23.—Employees on Salaries and Wages in the Manufacturing Industries, 1934, by Sex, and Average Salaries and Wages, 1933 and 1934, by Provinces and Groups.

Province or Group.	Employees on Salaries.			Average Salaries.		Employees on Wages.			Average Wages.	
	Male.	Female.	Total.	1934.	1933.	Male.	Female.	Total	1934.	1933.
	No.	No.	No.	\$	\$	No.	No.	No.	8	\$
PROVINCE.							ľ			
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. B.C. and Yukon.	226 1,842 1,729 23,214 38,239 3,534 1,726 2,272 4,939	469 416 5,830 12,479 912 305 455	271 2,311 2,145 29,044 50,718 4,446 2,031 2,727 6,037	765 1,270 1,466 1,624 1,672 1,532 1,262 1,412 1,574	799 1,264 1,485 1,604 1,673 1,511 1,280 1,438 1,549	9,477 106,951 160,172 14,076 3,611	2,238 1,900 45,551 48,731 3,201 344	822 12,730 11,377 152,502 208,903 17,277 3,955 8,838 29,028	478 744 723 748 891 880 893 897 958	488 712 693 718 821 862 913 866 889
Totals	77,721	22,009	99,730	1,614	1,607	338,953	106,479	445,432	837	785
INDUSTRIAL GROUP.								Y		
Vegetable products Animal products Textiles and textile pro-	12,292 8,676	ne Energy	$^{15,425}_{10,630}$	1,552 1,350	1,546 1,321	42,780 36,518	19,259 10,051	62,039 46,569	765 770	741 770
ducts	8,354 19,227		12,291 23,912	1,649 1,545	1,650 1,525	46,128 83,889	57,276 8,890	103,404 92,779	682 867	657 818
Iron and its products Non-ferrous metal pro-	9.817	2,522	12,339	1,784	1,795	66,840	2,603	69,443	964	817
ducts Non-metallic mineral pro-	4,767	1,535	6,302	1,874	1,804	20,462	3,413	23,875	997	907
ducts	3,469	804	4,273	1,653	1,670	17,187	499	17,686	1,009	991
ducts	4,329 1,866 4,924	575	5,829 2,441 6,288	1,815 1,679 1,659	1,855 1,641 1,643	8,760 7,703 8,686	2,541 1.947 Nil	11,301 9,650 8,686	915 837 1,312	878 811 1,308

Average Earnings, by Provinces and Industrial Groups.—In 1934, Ontario showed the highest average salary of \$1,672, followed by Quebec with \$1,624, British Columbia, with \$1,574, and Manitoba with \$1,532. The head offices of many large corporations being located in Montreal, Toronto, Vancouver, and Winnipeg tend to raise the average salaries in these provinces. In the other Prairie Provinces the averages were smaller, especially in Saskatchewan, while in the Maritime Provinces the average salaries were still lower, there being comparatively few large executive offices in these provinces.